| Name: | Date: | ВЮСК: |
|-------|---|-------|
| | Algebra 2 Honors- Week 7 Homework | |
| • | nt ost common mistakes that students make with lain the mistake and give the correct solution. | • |

Data

1. $(x^{3}y^{4})(x^{3}y^{4}) = 2x^{3}y^{4}$ 2. $(3m^{3})(2m^{5}) = 5m^{8}$ 4. $(4p^{2}q^{4})(p^{2}q) = 4p^{4}q^{5}$ 5. $(5f^{3})(7f^{5}) = 35f^{15}$ 7. $(m^{2})^{3} = m^{2^{3}} = m^{8}$ 10. $(5x^{7}y^{4})^{5} = 5x^{35}y^{20}$ 11. $(3a^{4}b^{2})^{3} = 9a^{12}b^{6}$ 13. $(-m^{2})(2m^{5}n^{4}) = (m^{2})(2m^{5}n^{4}) = 2m^{7}n^{4}$ 15. $w^{4}(3w^{2} + 2w - 1) = 3w^{6} + 2w - 1$ 17. $3x^{2}(x^{4} + 3x^{2} + 2) = 3x^{6} + 9x^{4} + 6x^{2} = 18x^{12}$ 3. $(6a^{3}b)(2a^{3}b^{4}) = 12a^{6}b^{4}$ 6. $(x^{3}y)^{2} = x^{5}y^{2}$ 9. $(4g^{2})(g^{5}) = 16g^{5}$ 12. $(-m^{2}n)(2m^{5}n^{4}) = m^{3}n^{3}$ 14. $3x(4x^{2}y)^{2} = (12x^{3}y)^{2} = 144x^{6}y^{2}$ 16. $5xy^{3}(5x - y) = 25x^{2}y^{3} - 5xy^{4}$ 18. $5a^{2}b(3a^{2} + 2b^{3}) = 8a^{4}b + 7ab^{4}$

Dlock

Tuesday- (Whatever you didn't finish in class)

Nama

Equations and Identities

1. Write down an example of an equation that has:

| (d) No solutions. | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| (c) An infinite number of solutions. | |
| (b) Two solutions. | |
| (a) One solution. | |

For each of the following statements, indicate whether it is 'Always true', 'Never true' or 'Sometimes true'. Circle the correct answer. If you choose 'Sometimes true' then state on the line below when it is true. The first one is done for you as an example.

| x + 2 = 3 | Always true It is true when $x = 1$. | Never true | Sometimes true |
|-----------------------|--|------------|----------------|
| x - 12 = x + 30 | Always true It is true when | Never true | Sometimes true |
| 2(x+6) = 2x+12 | Always true It is true when | Never true | Sometimes true |
| 3(x-2) = 3x - 2 | Always true It is true when | Never true | Sometimes true |
| $(x+4)^2 = x^2 + 4^2$ | Always true It is true when | Never true | Sometimes true |
| $x^2 + 4 = 0$ | Always true It is true when | Never true | Sometimes true |

3. Which of the equations in question 2 are also identities?

.....

In your own words, explain what is meant by an identity.

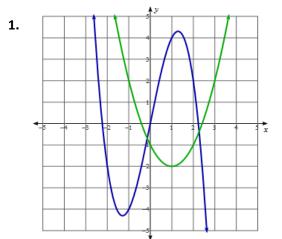
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Student Materials

| Name: | Date: | Block: | |
|------------|-------|--------|--|
| | | | |
| Wednesday- | | | |

Operations with Polynomial Functions Assignment

Sketch the graph of the sum of these two functions.



For 2 and 3, find the f(x) + g(x) and f(x) - g(x).

2. $f(x) = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$ and $g(x) = 5x^2 + 7x - 3$

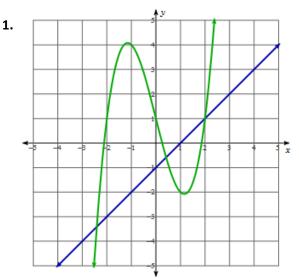
- **3.** $f(x) = 5x^3 7x^2 2x 1$ and $g(x) = -3x^2 + 8x 2$
- 4. Find two cubic functions whose sum is a quadratic.
- **5.** Find two quadratic functions whose sum is S(x) = x + 5.
- **6.** To print a novel, it costs \$500 plus \$4 per book. Each book sells for \$16.
 - a) C(x) represents the cost per day of x books. Find C(x).
 b) R(x) represents the total money earned from selling books. Find R(x).

c) P(x) represent the profit which takes the revenue R(x) and subtracts the cost C(x). Find P(x).

d) Find the profit if 1200 books are sold.

Thursday-Operations with Polynomial Functions Assignment

Sketch the product of these two functions.



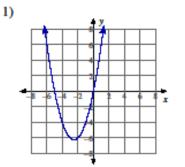
For 2 - 4, find the $f(x) \cdot g(x)$.

- **2.** f(x) = 5x 3 and g(x) = 7x 3
- **3.** $f(x) = x^2 2x 1$ and g(x) = 8x 2
- **4.** $f(x) = x^2 + 5x 3$ and $g(x) = 3x^2 + 2x + 1$
- 5. Find two polynomials whose product will be fifth degree.
- **6.** Nikki recently painted a picture where the width is five inches longer than the length. She put a 3 inch wide mat around the picture.
 - a) Draw a diagram of the painting and its mat.
 - b) Write a function, P(x), for the area of the painting.
 - c) Write functions, L(x) and W(x), for the length and width of the mat.
 - d) Write a function, A(x), for the total area of both the mat and the painting.
 - e) Write a function, M(x), for the area of the mat.

Date Period

Friday-

Factoring using GCF and Grouping © 2013 Kuta Software LLC. All rights reserved. Find the factors of the function graphically.



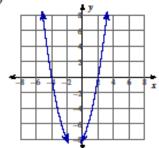
Factor out the greatest common factor.

- 15r 27
- 5) 5h²j + hj

Factor each completely.

- 7) $5n^3 + 10n^2 + 3n + 6$
- 9) 8uv 20u + 2nv 5n

2)



4) $9z^2 + 81z$ 6) $28r^4s^2 + 7r^3s - 35r^4s^3$

8) $3x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 10$ 10) $12xy - 8x^2 - 15ay + 10ax$